CASE STUDY

Automated Receiving

ILLINOIS TERMINAL USES SMARTTRUCK SYSTEM TO UNLOAD OVER 900 TRUCKS PER DAY



When **Johnson Grain LLC** opened a new rail-loading terminal east of Waverly, IL in 2004 (217-435-2361) with a few upright tanks and a 7,800-foot loop track alongside a Burlington Northern Santa Fe (BNSF) main line, volume was the name of the game.

Four years later, volume is still the name of the game, and if anything, the scale is bigger than it was in 2004.

To start with, some of the Prairie State's best farmland can be found within a 25-mile radius of Johnson Grain. Given decent

An inbound truck approaches the probe station at the Johnson Grain LLC rail terminal outside Waverly, IL. Here, a CompuWeigh Smart-Truck RF reader will provide key data on the specific truck to the scalehouse operator. Photos by Ed Zdrojewski. weather during the growing season, yields of 200 bushels of corn per acre or more are not uncommon.

A sizeable percentage of that grain funnels through the Johnson Grain terminal, which has become one of the largest suppliers of corn to the Texas Panhandle, home of vast cattle feedlots. Johnson Grain supplies about 20% of the region's corn.

The facility, in turn, has grown to handle the demand. Today, the site has 8.5 million bushels worth of grain storage, 7 million of which is in one of the largest covered flat storage buildings in the state. In addition, the company added a 2million-bushel temporary storage ring in 2007.

During the 2007 harvest, reports **President Jay Johnson**, the facility at times unloaded more than 900 semi-trucks per day, taking in roughly 850,000 bushels. Workers at Johnson

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Response No. 621

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-Jay Johnson, Johnson Grain LLC

Grain also loaded a pair of back-toback BNSF 110-car shuttle trains in less than 27 hours.

Role of Automation

Johnson comments that handling this level of volume would not be possible without a high degree of automation throughout the facility. "The purpose isn't to reduce hours or eliminate employees," he says. "We have found skilled labor locally for monitoring our operations, but we've had difficulty finding unskilled laborers, who can sometimes be unreliable. Automation reduces the need for the unskilled labor."

Right from the start in 2003, Johnson Grain has partnered with **CompuWeigh Corp.**, Woodbury, CT (203-262-9400), for its automation solutions, although automation systems have been adopted incrementally over the years.

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The next step in the automation process was to automate rail-loading operations. The bulk weigh loadout scale was placed under the control of a CompuWeigh **GMS-4000 bulk** weighing controller.

Johnson Grain also installed a trackside CompuWeigh **SmartRead** railcar RF tag reader. This device reads data from rail industry RF tags mounted on the passing hopper cars and transmits the car number to the controller. The controller refers to its **SmartCar** database for cubic capacity and load limits.

Grain Receiving

The most recent automation upgrade at the terminal was the installation in 2007 of a CompuWeigh **SmartTruck unattended truck processing** system linked to existing inbound and outbound truck scales flanking the scalehouse at the terminal entrance.

Inbound trucks first stop at a probe station about 330 feet north of the scalehouse on the terminal entrance drive. The scalehouse operator uses an overhead video camera to probe the truck with a newly-installed truck probe from **Union Iron Works**, Decatur, IL (800-333-5148). The probe sends a representative sample to the scalehouse for grading via ►



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Scale Operator Cindy Turner receives truck data and gross weight of an inbound truck at her workstation.

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At the same time, a SmartTruck RF reader reads data from a Johnson Grain-issued SmartCard tag supplied to the trucker. The tag contains a unique number that allows the Grain Management System (GMS) computer to display the most recent contracts that this truck has brought in. The operator selects the appropriate contract, and all the information is shown automatically on the computer screen.

Once probing is completed, and the probe arm is safely out of the way, a CompuWeigh **SmartView** **message board** tells the driver to proceed to the inbound scale on the west side of the scalehouse. At the same time, the operator is grading the sample.

Once the truck comes to a complete stop on the scale, it is weighed, and another SmartView message board displays the loaded vehicle's gross weight, which directs the driver to proceed to the appropriate receiving pit.

After the driver deposits the load into the pit, he or she returns to the scalehouse and stops on the outbound scale on the east side of the building. As the tare weight is taken, the driver receives the scale ticket from a CompuWeigh **OTP-4000** printer mounted at window level alongside the scale. At this point, the trucker is free to leave the property.

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Ed Zdrojewski, editor



